MONDAY 22

9.15-9.30

Welcome Antonio Calafati, GSSI, Italy

10.00-12.30

Problem Structuring in Politics and Policy Robert Hoppe, University of Twente, Netherlands

15.00-16.30 discussion

16.30-18.30

Why Should Extraordinary Situations
Make a Difference in Policy-Making?
Some Alternative Analytical Approaches
Bruno Dente, Polytechnic of Milan, Italy

TUESDAY 23

9.30-12.30

What Does the Ordinary Teach About Public Policies? Francesca Gelli, University luav of Venice, Italy

15.00-18.00

Movements Against Mega-projects Gianni Piazza, Università di Catania, Italy

Mega-events as Constructed Emergencies: the Organisation of London 2012 Olympics and its Effects on Policy-making and Urban Governance Matteo Basso, PhD in Regional Planning and Public Policy, University luav of Venice, Italy

WEDNESDAY 24

9.30-16.30

PROJECT WORKSHOP run by PhD graduates in Regional Planning and Public Policy, University luav of Venice, Italy

The Extrordinary Administration as Tool of Government and Practice: The Crisis of the Waste Disposal in Campania Alessandro Caputo

Earthquake & Power: The Reconstruction as a Tool of Government Nello Conte

Tackling with Exceptional Situations
Through the Case-Study Method. The
Case of Vukovar (Croatia) Ivana Venier

16.30-18.00

Collaborative Cities Christian laione, LUISS Rome, Italy and Massimo Alvisi, Alvisi Kirimoto + Partners

THURSDAY 25

10.00-12.30

The Use of Economics in Cities' Strategic Planning Antonio Calafati, GSSI, Italy

15.00-17.30

When the Ordinary is not Ordinary: Planning Decisions in Mafia Areas Marco Cremaschi, SciencesPO. Paris



INTERNATIONAL DOCTORAL PROGRAMME IN URBAN STUDIES Università IUAV di Venezia

SCHOOL OF DOCTORATE STUDIES

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AND PUBLIC POLICY



GSSI, L'AQUILA

22-25 JUNE 2015

ut of THE ORDINARY

POLICY-MAKING IN CITIES FACING EXTREME CHALLENGES

Very often cities must deal with out-of-the-ordinary policy problems. In fact, the history of cities is marked by 'shocks' and 'adjustments'. Shocks may come in the form of 'disasters' – natural, ecological, economic – or of 'big projects' intended to re-invent one or more dimensions of the city. Whatever form they take, they may produce effects and raise questions that challenge the efficacy of the current practices, the applicability of the standard policy frameworks – and even the prevailing social theories. On the basis of the knowledge generated by reflecting on a number of case-studies – and having this knowledge interact with fundamental categories of policy analysis – the workshop will focus on the cognitive and political tactics and strategies that public actors elaborate in order 'to frame' the policy-making process in 'out-of the ordinary circumstances'.